# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**Staining Buffer** 

## **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/** undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: Staining Buffer
Product code	: BU01
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

1.2 Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Professional use. Use in laboratories: Research.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

	,
Lunaphore Technologies SA	
Route de Lully 5C, CH-1131	
Tolochenaz, Switzerland	
+ 41 800 84 86 89	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: support-tech@lunaphore.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: CHEMTREC:
	+43 1 3649237 (Local)
	0800 293702 (toll-free)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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Not classified.
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The product is not classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: <b>₽</b> UH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.
		Product does not contain substances above legal limits included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having endocrine disrupting properties or is identified to have endocrine disrupting

properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture	•		-
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
₩ydrochloric acid	EC: 231-595-7 CAS: 7647-01-0 Index: 017-002-01-X	≤2	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]
Product/ingredient name		Specific Co	onc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	
₩ydrochloric acid		Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2,	IB, H314: C ≥ 25% H315: 10% ≤ C < 25% I, H318: C ≥ 25% H319: 10% ≤ C < 25% 5, H335: C ≥ 10%	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: ₩ash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critica	l hazards.		
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Staining Buffer	
SECTION 4: First aid	d measures
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides hydrogen chloride gas
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident in there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mo Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information (Explosibility)	: Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

(Explosibility)

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

**6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

0.5 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe har	ndling
Protective measures	: <b>P</b> ut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Section 7. Handling and storage: The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Occupational exposure limits (national)

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
₩ydrochloric acid	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CEIL: 10 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.

### Occupational exposure limits (European Union)

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 6. Exposure controls/personal protection		
Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values	
<b>⊮</b> ydrochloric acid	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022).	
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.	
	TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
	STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutes.	
	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.	

#### **Biological exposure indices**

None known.

DNELs/DMEL DMEL/DMEL Summary: Not applicable.PNECS PNEC Summary: Not applicable.8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls: Sood general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne controls101/idual protection measures Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before esting, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to fujuid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates to the work attain location.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear safety glasses with side protection in accordance with EN 166.Skin protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove manufacturer, check during use that the glove sare still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated Recommended: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body shou	Recommended monitoring procedures	:	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
DNEL/DMEL Summary       : Not applicable.         PNECs       PNEC Summary       : Not applicable.         8.2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls       : Sood general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eye/face protection       : Safety eyewarc complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear safety glasses with side protection in accordance with EN 166.         Skin protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove maturacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different glove manufacturers. In the case the approximate decord may be different glove manufacturer. In the case the approximate decord may additional skin protection measures should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	DNELs/DMELs		•
PNECS       PNEC Summary       : Not applicable.         8.2 Exposure controls       Appropriate engineering controls       : Food general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.         Individual protection measures       : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.         Eyelface protection       : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear safety glasses with side protection in accordance with EN 166.         Skin protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Wear safety glasses with side protection in accordance with EN 166.         Skin protection       : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective projerties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different glove maturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated Recommended: Wear suitable gloves tore still retaining their protective projerties. It shou		:	Not applicable.
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<b>Respiratory protection</b> : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	Other skin protection	:	selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be
	Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important
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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment
	will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Colourless. [Transparent]
Odour	:	Ødourless.
Odour threshold	:	Not applicable.
рН	:	7.4
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
		Not applicable.

9.2.1 Information with regard	t to physical hazard classes
Explosive properties	: Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2.2 Other safety character	stics
Miscible with water	: Yes.
No additional information.	

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 08/02/2024 Date of previo	us issue : 01/11/2022	Version : 3	6/12
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, spa	irks and flame.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of	of storage and use, hazardous r	eactions will not occur.	
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data relate	ed to reactivity available for this	product or its ingredient	S.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising agents.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on hazard c	lasses as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Acute toxicity	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
Acute toxicity estimates	
Not available.	
Irritation/Corrosion	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: Not available.
Eyes	: Not available.
Respiratory	: Not available.
<u>Sensitisation</u>	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	
Skin	: Not available.
Respiratory	: Not available.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
<u>Teratogenicity</u>	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxici	t <u>y (single exposure)</u>

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₩ydrochloric acid	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

# **Information on likely routes** : Not available. **of exposure**

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: 📈 specific data.			
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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Inhalation	: 📈 specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not	available.
Potential delayed effects	Not	available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	Not	available.
Potential delayed effects	Not	available.
Potential chronic health effe	ts	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	Not	available.
General	No k	nown significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	Nok	nown significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	Nok	nown significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	Nok	nown significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### Human Health:

Product does not contain substances above legal limits included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having endocrine disrupting properties or is identified to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

#### **11.2.2 Other information**

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### Environment:

Product does not contain substances above legal limits included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 for having endocrine disrupting properties or is identified to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EWC, specific to the industry and process.
Hazardous waste	: ₩ithin the present knowledge of the supplier, this product is not regarded as hazardous waste, as defined by EU Directive 2008/98/EC.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	Free generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	Fhis material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Label				
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	Marine Pollutant: No	No.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.7 Maritime transport in :** Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO instruments** 

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### <u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

No listed substance

### Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Isted (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed.

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### National regulations

VbF class	: Not regulated.
Limitation of the use of	: Permitted.
organic solvents	

There are no known additional national regulations relevant to the SDS.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Inventory list

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

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China	All components are listed or exempted.	
Eurasian Economic Union	: <b>Russian Federation inventory:</b> All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL):	
	All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Thailand	: 🕅 components are listed or exempted.	
Turkey	: 🕅 components are listed or exempted.	
United States	: All components are active or exempted.	
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.	
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.	

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

 $\checkmark$  Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	5 I J
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
	Goods by Inland Waterway
	ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road
	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	EWC = European Waste Catalogue
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Rail
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to derive the	classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Not classified.		
Full text of abbreviated H statements		

<b>⊮</b> 314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

SECTION 16: Other information		
፼ye Dam. 1 Skin Corr. 1B STOT SE 3		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.